

Fire Safety in SARI Treatment Centres in Cox's Bazar

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FUEL



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Context: Risks in Health Facilities in Informal Settlements like Cox's Bazar





High risk in informal settlements already

- Combustible construction materials such as bamboo and plastic sheeting
- Dense living conditions
- Smoking & Disposal of Cigarette buts
- · Poor electrical installations and playing with kites
- Poor accessibility for fire response vehicles
- Poor handling of fuels (kerosene, LPG etc)

Specific risks in health facilities

- Sleeping risk (patients and staff accomodation)
- Patients on ventilators in ICU will be immobile and other patients will be served by fixed oxygen feeds with low mobility
- Oxygen-enriched atmospheres increase the likelihood and potential severity of a fire.
- Storage of combustible materials (diesel generators, laundries, cooking fuels, batteries, solid chlorine products)

Recent fires in Cox's Bazar

- Camps 14 and 18 in late January
- Cox's Bazar district hospital
- Large fire on 22nd March 2021 which destroyed 7 health facilities along with over 10,000 shelters including the IOM primary health clinic and the Turkish hospital

Image credits Above: Saiful Arakani via BBC Below: Reuters/Stringer



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Approach to Fire Safety

Mitigation of fire risks must be considered as part of a **holistic approach**.

Often appropriate to take an ALARP approach (As Low As Reasonably Practicable).

Key issues:

- Patients on ventilators in ICU will be immobile and other patients will be served by fixed oxygen feeds with low mobility
- Oxygen-enriched atmospheres increase the **likelihood** and potential **severity** of a fire.
- Existing fire risks already high in some cases





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- Approach to Fire Safety
- Construction materials
- Fitout/ Building /site arrangement
- Use and **maintenance** of equipment (electrical equipment, stored gases)
- Storage of combustibles

- Post fire smoke clearance
- Contingency plans for occupants
- Build back better



- Diverse escape routes from room/ building /site
- Fire exit routes
- Emergency lighting
- Fire safety equipment: exit signage, fire fighting equipment, smoke detection and alarms
- Fire fighting preparation: staff training, co-ordination with local fire services, providing facilities for the fire brigade

- Investigation of fire
- Intervention
- Evacuation



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Contact:



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Further Resources

